pli-tv-bi-vb-pc64 — Ordaining a trained candidate without approval

English translation by Bhikkhu Brahmali.
Source: https://suttacentral.net/pli-tv-bi-vb-pc64/en/brahmali
Source revision: 6a395ceb6f28549111d7d96859f7f6f6610afc01
License: CC0-1.0 — https://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/

Text

Theravāda Collection on Monastic Law

The Nuns' Analysis

The chapter on offenses entailing confession

The subchapter on pregnant women

Ordaining a trained candidate without approval

Origin story

At one time the Buddha was staying at Sāvatthī in the Jeta Grove, Anāthapiṇḍika's Monastery. At that time the nuns were giving the full admission to trainee nuns who had trained for two years in the six rules, but who had not been approved by the Sangha. The nuns said, "Come, trainee nuns, find out about this," "Give this," "Bring this," "There's need for this," or "Make this allowable." But they replied, "Venerables, we're not trainee nuns. We're nuns."

The nuns of few desires complained and criticized them, "How can nuns give the full admission to trainee nuns who have trained for two years in the six rules, but who haven't been approved by the Sangha?" … "Is it true, monks, that nuns do this?"

"It's true, sir."

The Buddha rebuked them … "How can nuns do this? This will affect people's confidence …" After rebuking them … he gave a teaching and addressed the monks:

"Monks, approval is required for the full admission of a trainee nun who has trained for two years in the six rules.

And it should be given like this.

After approaching the Sangha of nuns, that trainee nun should arrange her upper robe over one shoulder and pay respect at the feet of the nuns. She should then squat on her heels, raise her joined palms, and say:

'Venerables, I, the trainee nun so-and-so, who has trained for two years in the six rules under venerable so-and-so, ask the Sangha for approval to be fully admitted.'

And she should ask a second and a third time.

A competent and capable nun should then inform the Sangha:

‘Please, venerables, I ask the Sangha to listen. The trainee nun so-and-so, who has trained under venerable so-and-so for two years in the six rules, is asking the Sangha for approval to be fully admitted. If the Sangha is ready, it should give approval for the trainee nun so-and-so, who has trained for two years in the six rules, to be fully admitted. This is the motion.

Please, venerables, I ask the Sangha to listen. The trainee nun so-and-so, who has trained under venerable so-and-so for two years in the six rules, is asking the Sangha for approval to be fully admitted. The Sangha gives approval for the trainee nun so-and-so, who has trained for two years in the six rules, to be fully admitted. Any nun who approves of giving approval for the trainee nun so-and-so, who has trained for two years in the six rules, to be fully admitted should remain silent. Any nun who doesn’t approve should speak up.

The Sangha has given approval for the trainee nun so-and-so, who has trained for two years in the six rules, to be fully admitted. The Sangha approves and is therefore silent. I will remember it thus.’”

Then, after rebuking those nuns in many ways, the Buddha spoke in dispraise of being difficult to support … “And, monks, the nuns should recite this training rule like this:

Final ruling

‘If a nun gives the full admission to a trainee nun who has trained for two years in the six rules, but who has not been approved by the Sangha, she commits an offense entailing confession.’”

Definitions

A: whoever … Nun: … The nun who has been given the full ordination in unanimity by both Sanghas through a legal procedure consisting of one motion and three announcements that is irreversible and fit to stand—this sort of nun is meant in this case. Two years: two twelve-month periods. Who has trained: who has trained in the six rules. Who has not been approved: approval to be fully admitted has not been given through a legal procedure consisting of one motion and one announcement. Gives the full admission: gives the full ordination. If, intending to give the full admission, she searches for a group, a teacher, a bowl, or a robe, or she establishes a monastery zone, she commits an offense of wrong conduct. After the motion, she commits an offense of wrong conduct. After each of the first two announcements, she commits an offense of wrong conduct. When the last announcement is finished, the preceptor commits an offense entailing confession, and the group and the teacher commit an offense of wrong conduct.

Permutations

If it is a legitimate legal procedure, and she perceives it as such, and she gives the full admission, she commits an offense entailing confession. If it is a legitimate legal procedure, but she is unsure of it, and she gives the full admission, she commits an offense entailing confession. If it is a legitimate legal procedure, but she perceives it as illegitimate, and she gives the full admission, she commits an offense entailing confession.

If it is an illegitimate legal procedure, but she perceives it as legitimate, she commits an offense of wrong conduct. If it is an illegitimate legal procedure, but she is unsure of it, she commits an offense of wrong conduct. If it is an illegitimate legal procedure, and she perceives it as such, she commits an offense of wrong conduct.

Non-offenses

There is no offense: if she gives the full admission to a trainee nun who has trained for two years in the six rules and who has been approved by the Sangha; if she is insane; if she is the first offender.

The fourth training rule is finished.